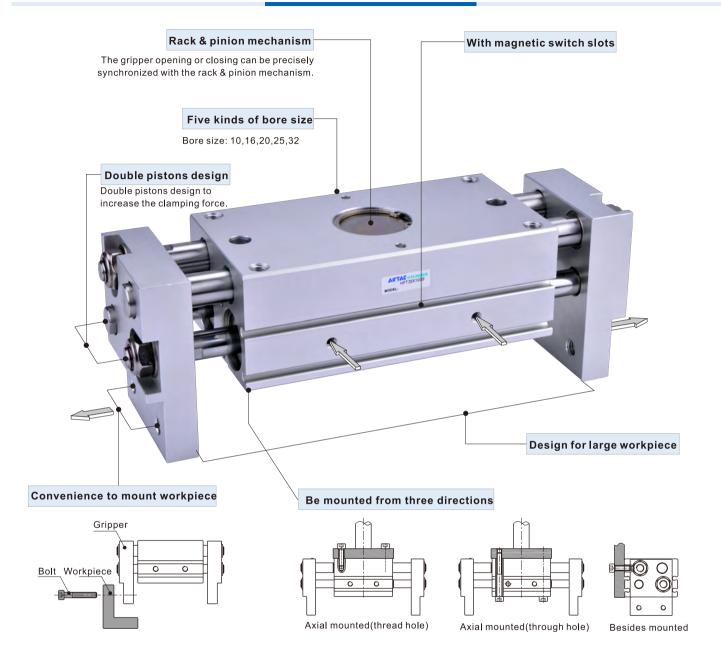
# Wide air gripper——HFT Series

# Compendium of HFT Series





# **Symbol**



#### **Product feature**

- 1. Design for large workpiece.
- 2. Double pistons design to increase the clamping force.
- 3. Magnet is included in the standard configuration.
- 4. The gripper opening or closing can be precisely synchronized with the rack & pinion mechanism.

# **Specification**

Bore size (mm)	10	16	20	25	32	
Acting type	Do	ouble ac	ting			
Fluid	Air(to be filtere	d by 40µ	ım filter	elemer	nt)	
Operating pressure	0.25~0.7MPa(35~100psi)	0.25~0.7MPa(35~100psi) 0.15~0.7MPa(22~100psi)				
Proof pressure	1.2	1.2MPa(175psi)				
Temperature	-20~70°C					
Lubrication	Cylinder: No necessary					
Cushion type	Bumper					
Repeatablity		±0.1mn	n			
Gripping force (N)[Note1]	14 45 74 131 228				228	
Max. frequency	40 cycle/minute 20 cycle/minute					
Port size	M5×0	.8			1/8"	

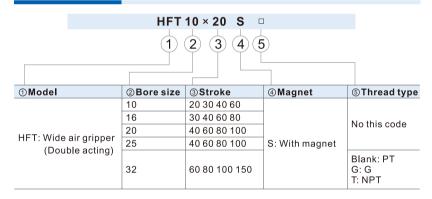
[Note1] Pressure 0.5MPa and gripping length 40mm( $\varnothing 10 \sim \varnothing 25$ ) or 80mm( $\varnothing 32$ ). Add) Refer to P365 for detail of sensor switch.

#### **Stroke**

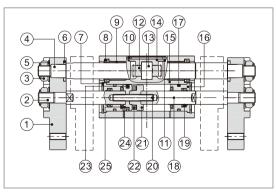
Bore size (mm)	Standard stroke (mm)	Max. stroke (mm)
10	20 30 40 60	60
16	30 40 60 80	80
20	40 60 80 100	100
25	40 60 80 100	100
32	60 80 100 150	150

[Note] Consult us for non-standard stroke.

# Ordering code



# Inner structure and material of major parts



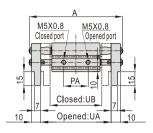
	NO.	Item	Material	NO.	Item	Material
	1	Faceplate	Aluminum alloy		Gear cover	Carbon steel
	2	Piston rod A	Stainless steel	15	Body	Aluminum alloy
	3	Locknut	Carbon steel	16	Front cover	Aluminum alloy
	4	Leader	Stainless steel	17	O-ring	NBR
	5 Washer Spring steel		18	Piston rod B	Stainless steel	
	6 Gasket Carbon steel		19	O-ring	NBR	
	7 C clip Spring steel		20	Joint bolt	Stainless steel	
	8	Dustproof ring	TPU	21	Magnet seat	Brass/Aluminum alloy
	9	Bearing	Wear resistant material	22	Magnet	Sintered metal
	10 C clip Spring steel		22	wagnet	(Neodymium-iron-boron)	
	11 O-ring NBR		23	Piston O-ring	NBR	
	12 Gear Chrome molybdenum steel		24	Piston	Brass/Aluminum alloy	
·		25	Bumper	TPU		

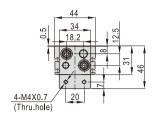


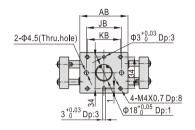
# HFT Sarias

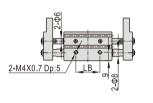
# Dimensions

# HFT10



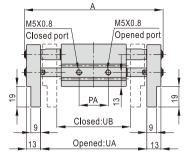


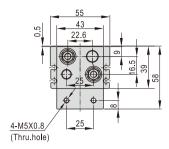




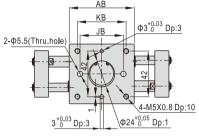
Item\Stroke	20	30	40	60
Α	101	121	141	181
AB	52	60	68	86
JB	38	46	54	72
KB	36	44	52	70
LB	26	34	42	60
PA	23	30	35	45
UA(Opened)	76	96	116	156
UB(Closed)	56	66	76	96

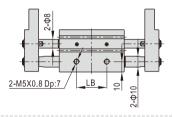
# HFT16





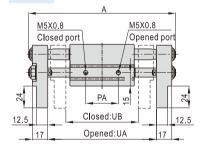
Airtac

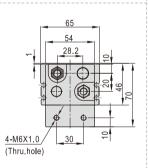


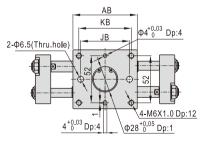


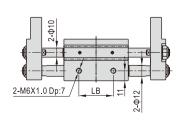
Item\Stroke	30	40	60	80
Α	128	148	194	234
AB	60	70	90	110
JB	40	50	70	90
KB	45	55	75	95
LB	28	38	58	78
PA	29	34	44	54
UA(Opened)	98	118	164	204
UB(Closed)	68	78	104	124

# HFT20



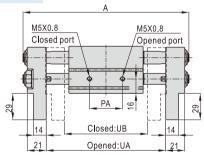


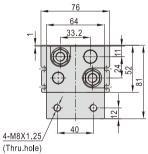


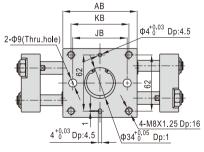


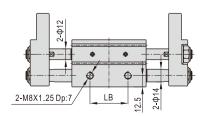
Item\Stroke	40	60	80	100
Α	163	203	255	295
AB	71	91	113	133
JB	54	74	96	116
KB	58	78	100	120
LB	38	58	80	100
PA	36	46	56	66
UA(Opened)	120	160	212	252
UB(Closed)	80	100	132	152

# HFT25







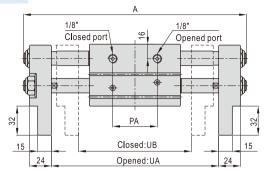


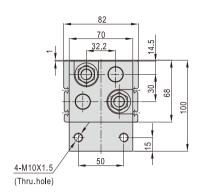
Item\Stroke	40	60	80	100
Α	183	223	277	317
AB	82	102	122	142
JB	56	66	100	120
KB	60	70	104	124
LB	38	48	82	102
PA	36.5	46.5	56.5	66.5
UA(Opened)	132	172	226	266
UB(Closed)	92	112	146	166
			_	_

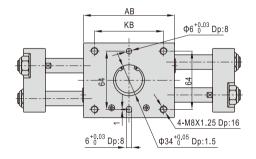


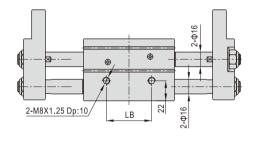


### HFT32









Item\Stroke	Α	AB	KB	LB	PA	UA(Opened)	UB(Closed)
60	245	100	76	50	48	184	124
80	285	120	86	60	58	224	144
100	343	158	134	108	68	282	182
150	443	208	184	158	93	382	232

# How to select product

1. Please select pneumatic finger according to the following steps: Select possible type Calculation of Selection of model by Confirmation of conditions required gripping force according to the workpiece length gripping force graph Workpiece length: From the dimensions of models Workpiece form HFT20×80/HFT20×100 that have an opening width of 200 mm or more Diameter x Length ► HFT16×80 200 mm x 20 mm plate HFT20×80/HFT20×100 HFT25×80/HFT25×100 Pressure 0.7MPa 100 2 ' 0.6MPa 80 Workpiece mass: 0.3 kg 1. Although conditions differ according to the workpiece shape 0.5MPa Gripping force and the coefficient of friction between the attachments and the 60 0.4MPa workpiece, select a model that can provide a gripping force of 10 to 20 times the workpiece mass, or more.

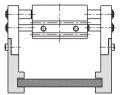
2. Further allowance should be provided when great acceleration 40 0.3MPa or impact is expected during workpiece transfer.

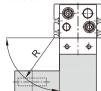
Example: For setting the gripping force to be at least 20 times 0.2MPa the workpiece mass: 60 80 100 120 20 40 0 Required gripping force =  $0.3 \text{kg} \times 20 \times 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \cong 60 \text{ N}$ 70 Gripping point R (mm) 1.Selecting the HFT20×80 A gripping force of 73 N is obtained from the intersection point of gripping point position R= 70 and Gripping point R = 70 mm a pressure 0.5 MPa. 2. The gripping force is 24 times greater than the workpiece mass, and therefore satisfies a gripping force setting value of Operating pressure: 0.5 MPa 20 times or more.



#### 2. Gripping Point

- 2.1) The workpiece gripping point distance should be within the gripping force ranges given for each pressure in the effective gripping force graphs below.
- 2.2) If operated with the workpiece gripping point beyond the indicated ranges, the load that will be applied to the fingers or the guide will become excessively unbalanced. As a result, the fingers could become loosened and adversely affect the service life of the unit.

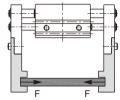




R: Gripping position (mm)

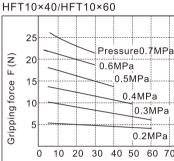
#### 3. Effective Gripping Force

The gripping force shown in the tables represents the gripping force of one finger when all fingers and attachments are in contact with the work.

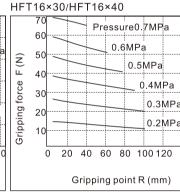


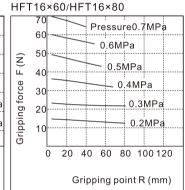
F = one finger thrust.

HFT10×20/HFT10×30 25 Pressure0.7MPa N) 20 0.6MPa 0.5MPa 15 Gripping force 0.4MPa 10 0.3MPa 5 0.2MPa 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 Gripping point R (mm)



Gripping point R (mm)

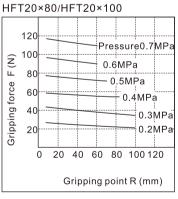


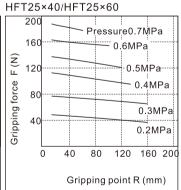


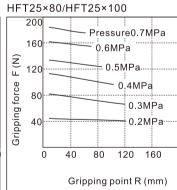
120 Pressure0 7MPa 100 E (N) 0.6MPa 80 0.5MPa force 60 0.4MPa **Gripping** f 40 0.3MPa 20 0.2MPa 0 20 40 60 80 100120140

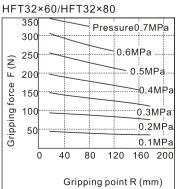
Gripping point R (mm)

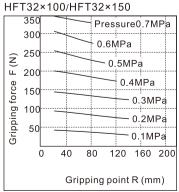
HFT20×40/HFT20×60







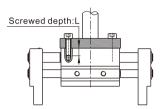






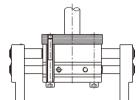
# Installation and application

- 1. Due to the abrupt changes, the circuit pressure is low, which will lead to the decrease of the gripping force and falling of the work-pieces. In order to avoid the harm to the human body and damage to the equipment, anti-dropping device must be equipped.
- 2. Don't use the air gripper under strong external force and impact force
- 3. When install and fix the air gripper, avoid falling down, collision and damage.
- 4. When fixing the gripping jaw parts, don't twist the gripping jaw.
- 5. There are several kinds of installation method, and the locking torque of fastening screw must be within the prescribed torque range shown in the below chart. If the locking torque is too large, it will cause the dysfunctional. If the locking torque is too small, it will cause the position deviation and fall.



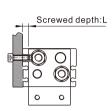
Axial mounted(thread hole)

	Axiai illoalitea(tilleaa ilole)				
Bore size	The bolts type	Max. locking moment (Nm)	Max. screwed depth (mm)		
10	M4×0.7	2.1	8		
16	M5×0.8	4.3	10		
20	M6×1.0	7.3	12		
25	M8×1.25	17.7	16		
32	M8×1.25	17.7	16		



Axial mounted(through hole)

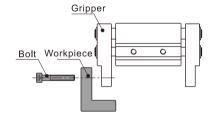
Bore size	The bolts type	Max. locking moment (Nm)	
10	M4×0.7	2.1	
16	M5×0.8	4.3	
20	M6×1.0	7.3	
25	M8×1.25	17.7	
32	No Axial mounted(through hole)		



Besides mounted

Bore size	The bolts type	Max. locking moment (Nm)	Max. screwed depth (mm)
10	M4×0.7	1.4	5
16	M5×0.8	2.8	7
20	M6×1.0	4.8	7
25	M8×1.25	12	7
32	M8×1.25	12	10

6. The installation method of the gripping jaw fittings
When install the gripping jaw fittings, you have to pay particular attention that you can only hold the gripping jaw by using spanner, and then lock the screws with allen wrench. Never clamp the body directly and then lock the screws, otherwise the parts will be easily damaged.

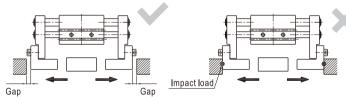


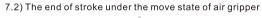
Bore size	The bolts type	Max. locking moment(Nm)
10	M4×0.7	1.4
16	M5×0.8	2.8
20	M6×1.0	4.8
25	M8×1.25	12
32	M10×1.5	24

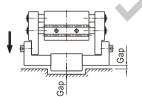
7. Confirm that there is no external forces exerted on the gripping jaw.

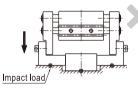
Transverse load acts on the gripping jaw, which will cause impact load and leads to the shaking and damage of gripping jaw. Equip with gaps so that the air gripper will not crash into work-pieces and accessories at the end of its trip.

7.1) The end of stroke under the open state of air gripper

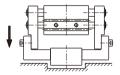


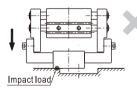






8. When the work-pieces are inserted, the center line should be coaxial, no offset, in case there are external force generated on gripping jaw. When testing, it is specially required that the manual operation should be reduced, the pressure should be used to run it at a low speed, and guarantee the safety and no impact.





- 9. Please use the flow control valve to adjust the opening and closing speed of gripping jaw if too fast.
- 10. People can not enter the movement path of air gripper and articles can not be placed on the path too.
- 11. Before removing the air gripper, please confirm that it is out of working state, and then discharge of compressed air.